$$\widehat{bcd}\ \widetilde{efg}\ \dot{A}\ \dot{R}\ \dot{\boldsymbol{A}}\check{\boldsymbol{t}}\ \check{\mathcal{A}}\check{a}\ \acute{\imath}$$

$$\langle a \rangle \left\langle \frac{a}{b} \right\rangle \left\langle \frac{\frac{a}{b}}{c} \right\rangle$$

$$(x+a)^n = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \int_{t_1}^{t_2} \binom{n}{k} x^k a^{n-k} f(x)\, dx$$

$$\bigcup_{a}^{b} \bigcap_{c}^{d} E \underset{ab}{\rightarrow} F' \underset{cd}{\Rightarrow} G$$

$$\overbrace{\overline{aaaaaaa}}^{\text{Siédém}}\ \overbrace{aaaaa}^{\text{pięć}}$$

$$\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}} = \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{2}}}}}}}}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\aleph_0 < 2^{\aleph_0} < 2^{2^{\aleph_0}}$$

$$x^a e^{\beta x^\gamma} e^{\delta x^\epsilon}$$

$$\oint_C \boldsymbol{F} \cdot d\boldsymbol{r} = \int_S \boldsymbol{\nabla} \times \boldsymbol{F} \cdot d\boldsymbol{S} \qquad \oint_C \vec{A} \cdot \vec{d}r = \iint_S (\nabla \times \vec{A})\, \vec{d}S$$

$$(1+x)^n = 1 + \frac{nx}{1!} + \frac{n(n-1)x^2}{2!} + \cdots$$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx &= \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-y^2} dy \right]^{1/2} \\ &= \left[\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-r^2} r\, dr\, d\theta \right]^{1/2} \\ &= \left[\pi \int_0^{\infty} e^{-u} du \right]^{1/2} \\ &= \sqrt{\pi} \end{aligned}$$